

# From 711 AD to 1492 AD: Visit Andalusia, Where the Moors and Christians Clashed



## The Muslim Occupation of al-Andalus: From 711 AD to 1492 AD (Visit Andalusia) by Erin Swann

★★★★☆ 4.4 out of 5

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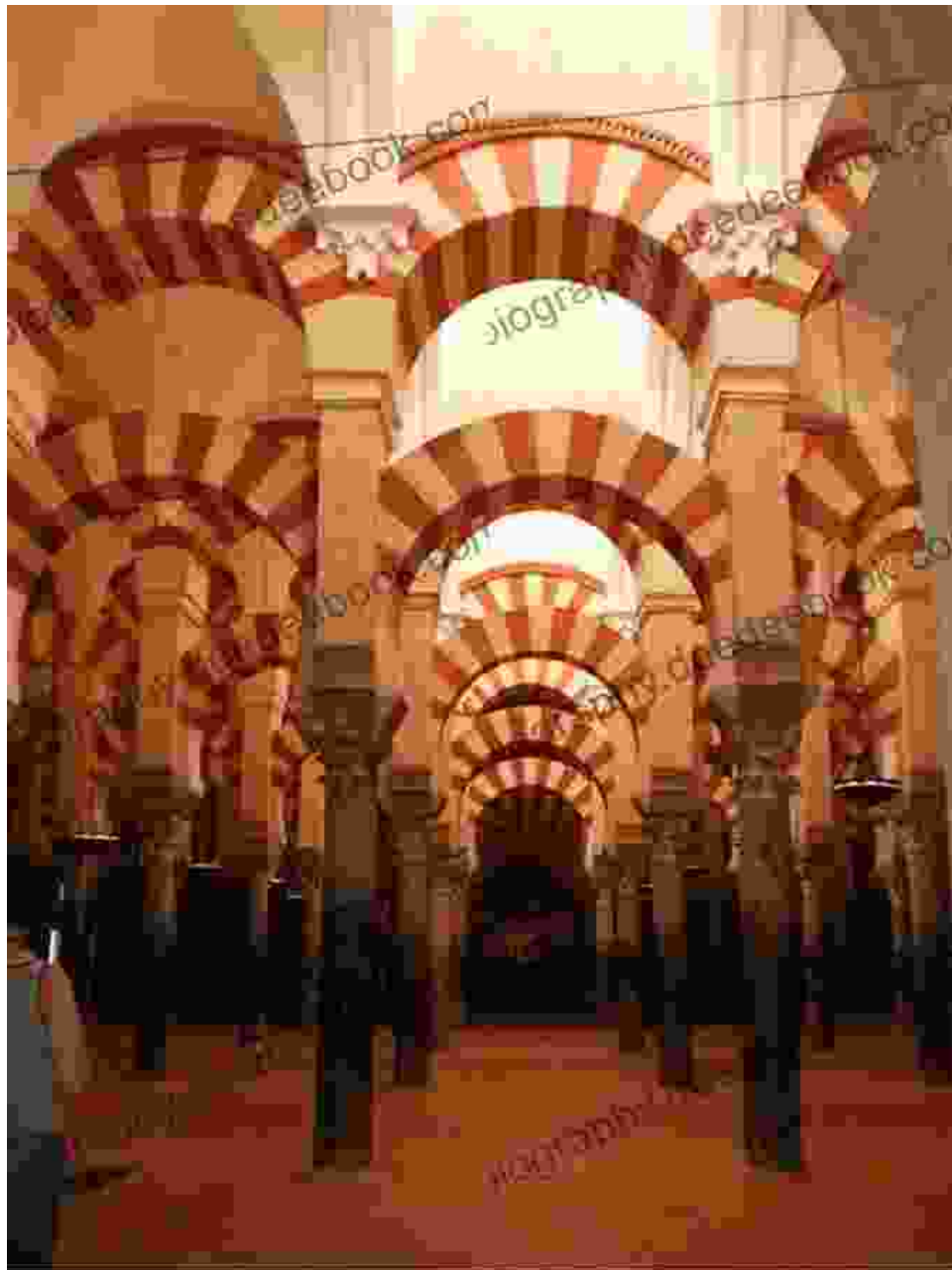


Andalucia, a region in southern Spain, has a rich and fascinating history that dates back to the 8th century AD. During this time, Andalucia was ruled by the Moors, a Muslim empire from North Africa. The Moors had a profound influence on the region, leaving behind a legacy of stunning architecture, art, and culture.

In the 15th century, the Christian Reconquista (Reconquest) began, and the Moors were gradually expelled from Spain. The Reconquista was a long and bloody conflict, but it eventually led to the establishment of a Christian kingdom in Andalucia.

Today, Andalucia is a vibrant and diverse region with a unique blend of Moorish and Christian influences. Visitors to Andalucia can explore a wealth of historical sites, including the Alhambra Palace in Granada, the Mezquita Cathedral in Cordoba, and the Giralda Tower in Seville.

## **The Moors in Andalucia**



The Moors arrived in Andalusia in 711 AD, and they quickly conquered the region. The Moors established a powerful empire that lasted for over five centuries. During this time, Andalusia flourished as a center of learning and culture.

The Moors made many important contributions to Andalusian society. They introduced new agricultural techniques, such as irrigation and terracing.

They also built many beautiful mosques, palaces, and other buildings.

The Moors were also patrons of the arts and sciences. They established schools and universities, and they encouraged the development of literature, music, and art.

## **The Christian Reconquista**



In the 15th century, the Christian Reconquista began. The Reconquista was a long and bloody conflict, but it eventually led to the expulsion of the Moors from Spain.

The Reconquista had a profound impact on Andalucia. The Christian conquerors destroyed many Moorish buildings and replaced them with churches and other Christian structures.

However, the Reconquista also left behind a legacy of cultural diversity. Many Moors converted to Christianity and remained in Andalucia. As a result, Andalucia has a unique blend of Moorish and Christian influences.

## **Andalucia Today**



Today, Andalucia is a vibrant and diverse region with a rich history. Visitors to Andalucia can explore a wealth of historical sites, including the Alhambra Palace in Granada, the Mezquita Cathedral in Cordoba, and the Giralda Tower in Seville.

Andalucia is also a popular destination for tourists who are interested in its beautiful beaches, stunning scenery, and delicious food.

Andalucia is a region with a rich and fascinating history. The Moors and Christians who ruled Andalucia left behind a legacy of stunning architecture, art, and culture. Today, Andalucia is a vibrant and diverse region that is well worth visiting.



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